

The "Democracy" of Popery
PRIEST tries, in a recent number of Daddy Noll's Sunday Visitation, to show that the government of the Roman Catholic church is democratic. His preaching is as ingenious as that of the lawyer who set out to prove that white is black, and is equally convincing. Says he:

The government of the (Roman Catholic) church has many points of resemblance with our own republican form of government. The pope, like the president, is elected. Bishops are appointed by the pope, but only after the priests and bishops of the territory concerned are heard, just as our federal judges are appointed by the president, but not without the approval of the United States senate. The eccumenical council, the supreme legislative body in the church, made up of the pope and the bishops, resembles the American congress, composed of delegates from the various states, with the president at their head. The pope's college of cardinals is like the president's cabinet. The members of the cabinet are the heads of various departments of the administration, just as the cardinals in the Roman curia are heads of the various congregations which transact the business of the universal church. Every American citizen has access to the supreme tribunal at Washington. So the humblest child of the church has the right of appeal to the highest court in Rome, and no question is decided until it has been given the fullest consideration. Whether we regard, therefore, its government and disciplinary legislation, or its constitution, mission, doctrine and morality in their human applications, we find that the Catholic church, far from being an autocracy, is in fact a great religious democracy.

Yes, the pope, like the president, is elected. So was the emperor of Germany in the time of Luther;

MEN send for our free booklet, "Cumberland Chemical Co., 30 Berry Block, Nashville, Tenn."

CORN HARVESTERS send for our free booklet, "Cumberland Chemical Co., 30 Berry Block, Nashville, Tenn."

CANCER CURED. NO KNIFE OR PAIN. All work guaranteed. Write for Free Book. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Goitre Cured at home without knife or pain. Write for Free Book and Testimonial. 333 West 12th Street, Chicago.

TOBACCO Or Snuff Habit Cured Guaranteed. Sent on trial. If it cures, costs you \$1.00. If it fails, costs nothing. SUPERBA COMPANY, H. H. Baltimore, Md.

RHEUMATISM Make your Rheumatism medicine at home. Give you recipe and tell you how to use it. Write for Free Book. H. E. ROBINSON, Dept. C-6, SEDALLA, MISSOURI.

The Irish-Chinaman AND HIS INK BOTTLE By C. W. Post. Price 50 cents. Greatest Short Story in the World. WEST JERSEY NEWS BUREAU, Collingswood, N. J.

HAY-FEVER I will gladly tell a sufferer how to cure it by simple home treatment. If you will write me at once, send no money. BERTHA C. CARPENTER, Hollywood, Cal.

Sacrifice Sale 112 Acres 1 1/2 miles from Smith, N. D. 35 a. wheat, 50 a. flax, 1 a. corn, 1 a. potatoes, all kinds of garden vegetables, 10 a. fenced 3 head well bred Jersey Cattle, 10 a. chickens, 3 room house with cellar \$2500.00. Barn and poultry house. All for \$2500.00. \$2500.00 Cash, balance on mortgage. Fred Standfast, Smith, N. D.

GOOD LAND ON CREDIT In Michigan's best Co's. Big money in grain, stock, poultry, fruit, 10 to 150 A. \$15 to \$50 per acre. Good towns, schools, churches. No advance or down. Small down payment. Easy mo. terms. Your credit is good. Boss a piece of land! Big booklet free. SWIGART LAND CO., C-1250 First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

HOW TO HEAL LEG SORES A new, illustrated book sent free to readers of the successful specialist, Dr. H. J. Whittier, 1109 McGee Suite 10, Kansas City, Mo., tells how to get rid of leg sores and Varicose Ulcers without pain or knife by using his unique discovery, result of 25 years' specialising. Write for your free copy today.

Goitre Cure THE DIRECT WAY. Make your Goitre removed without knife or pain. Write for Free Book and Testimonial. 333 West 12th Street, Chicago.

RHEUMATISM I will gladly send any Rheumatism sufferer a Simple Home Recipe Absolutely Free that Completely Cured me of a terrible attack of muscular and inflammatory Rheumatism of long standing after everything else had failed me. I have given it to many sufferers who believed their cases hopeless, yet they found relief from their suffering by taking these simple herbs. It also relieves Stomach troubles, as well as Neuralgia, and is a wonderful blood purifier. You are most welcome to this Home Recipe you will send for it at once. I believe you will consider it a God-Send after you have put it to the test. There is nothing injurious contained in it, and you can see for yourself exactly what you are taking. I will gladly send this Recipe absolutely free to any sufferer who will send name and address, plainly written. H. A. SUTTON, 2659 Magnolia Ave., Los Angeles, California

Send NO Money! Simply send your name and address and we will send you a Simple Home Recipe Absolutely Free that Completely Cured me of a terrible attack of muscular and inflammatory Rheumatism of long standing after everything else had failed me. I have given it to many sufferers who believed their cases hopeless, yet they found relief from their suffering by taking these simple herbs. It also relieves Stomach troubles, as well as Neuralgia, and is a wonderful blood purifier. You are most welcome to this Home Recipe you will send for it at once. I believe you will consider it a God-Send after you have put it to the test. There is nothing injurious contained in it, and you can see for yourself exactly what you are taking. I will gladly send this Recipe absolutely free to any sufferer who will send name and address, plainly written. H. A. SUTTON, 2659 Magnolia Ave., Los Angeles, California

and so are the kings of commerce who rule American corporations. The democratic quality of elections depends upon the quality of the democracy in which they occur. Election of emperor or czar or pope does not make a democracy. In a democracy the officials and electors are chosen by the people; in the papal system the electors, who choose the pope, are appointed by the pope. To establish a resemblance of American with papal government it would be necessary for President Wilson to appoint the members of the electoral college which will choose his successor.

To compare papal appointment of bishops with presidential appointment of supreme justices does not establish the democracy of either custom, but calls attention to the fact that the United States government lacks that much of being genuinely democratic. In that particular the United States government follows the autocratic precedent; and the practical result is two Roman Catholic judges on the supreme bench who never could have been elected by popular vote.

The eccumenical council, the supreme law-making body of popery, is composed of bishops whom the pope appoints; while congress, the supreme law-making body of our government is elected by vote of the people. If there is any resemblance between the two there is also a radical difference in the method of their constitution. Congress is responsible to the citizen voters who create it, while the pope's eccumenical council is responsible only to the papacy which creates its members and dominates them with "infallible" absolute.

The pope's college of cardinals may resemble the president's cabinet, but its members' tenure of office is for life while that of a president's cabinet cannot extend beyond his term of office and may be terminated sooner at the president's pleasure.

The popes appoint the cardinals, and the cardinals elect the pope, said appointment and election being for life. To resemble that sort of autocratic, aristocratic, and imperial thing the president would have to appoint a cabinet of aristocrats for life, and they, not the citizen electors, would elect the president.

It is not a matter of pride to Americans that their judiciary is patterned after popery and imperial precedent. It is an impediment to democracy that laws made by legislators who are elected by the people may be set aside by a court which is appointed from above and whose members are therefore beyond election or removal by the citizen body.

The particulars in which American government resembles papal government are the least satisfactory and the least commendable part of the national structure. The practical question then is: shall American government be Americanized in all its parts so as to become a perfect democracy, or shall it become Romanized in all its parts so as to become an autocracy like that of the Roman pontiff.

Lincoln told the nation in a crisis which is familiar to all that the nation could not exist half slave and half free. Is it not equally true that the nation cannot prosper half papal and imperial, and half American and democratic. The celebrated Frenchman indicated the remedy for present confusion when he said that the cure for the ills of democracy is more democracy. Papists would right whatever may be lacking in partial democracy by rejecting all of it and adoption of popery as the infallible authority concerning what is right and what is wrong.

Popery is imperial, and the Roman Catholic so-called church is ruled by an autocracy in which its majority membership has no part. Insofar as its government resembles that of the United States it is a reproach to the latter. Genuine Americans wish to perfect the democracy initiated by the founders of the republic; papists are religiously committed to the program of perfecting papal imperialism in the United States and in other nations.

Of course all this is Greek to a Roman Catholic. He is so infatuated with the imaginary glories of his ecclesiastical superiors as to obey them, their canon law, and their papal monarch in preference to the civil law and civil officers whenever and wherever the two come in inevitable conflict. He is for the Roman school in preference to the American school. He is for Roman laws regulating matrimony rather than for American laws regulating that relation. He votes for papists to public office so the will of popery may officially prevail. He is obsessed by training with the vagaries taught him by agents and emissaries of the pope. He is as unlike an American as his Roman Catholic government is unlike the government of the United States. Romanism and Americanism are conflicting ideals. They clash everywhere because they are fundamentally antagonistic.

Daddy Noll's clerical contributor had to strain himself to discover a remote resemblance which exists mostly in imagination, but any American schoolboy can make the distinction so clear that anyone should see it clearly.

The Difference
Some months ago, during the late war, native Hindus were arrested, tried, convicted and sent to prison for the crime of conspiring to raise insurrections in India and for raising funds to conduct the same. Now, the Irish insurrectionists are openly parading this country with their alleged president at their head. They declare war against England, offer bonds for sale to carry on their war, and call on the United States to help them. The Hindus went to prison. The Irish go free. Is it a question of politics?

Not so long ago United States officials were actively watching the Mexican juntas in their efforts to raise men, money and munitions for revolutionary work in Mexico. They were suppressed because dangerous to a neighboring friendly nation, and were held officially to be very bad—bad men. The Irish Catholics are doing exactly the same work for Ireland and against England. They do it openly; and, instead of being suppressed, are openly encouraged and called patriotic and good citizens, yet the danger of international complications is much greater over the Irish question, than it has ever been over the Mexican matter.

Huerta had been a president of an actual republic, was displaced, came to the United States, was watched by the secret service, arrested, thrown into jail and kept under guard until he died. Huerta was called a very dangerous man who was apt to get this country into trouble, which might have been the case.

De Valera is the alleged president of a non-existent paper republic who goes about the country openly demanding that this country recognize his alleged official position and force the government of Great Britain to turn Ireland over to him, and his fellow conspirators. The acts of Huerta and De Valera are both in violation of the neutrality laws.

Yet Huerta went to prison while De Valera is lauded to the skies. The followers of Huerta were politically influential. The Irish and German Catholics have votes which politicians need in their business? Political log-rolling with political Romanism—that's all.

Trouble-Making Hyphenates
From The World's Work.
A considerable body of the citizens of this country is doing its best to get the United States into an entangling alliance with a revolution. Various Irish-Americans are trying to get the United States to act as sponsor for a Sinn Fein government to be set up in Ireland. The Sinn Fein Irish wish us to help them secede from the British empire and then help them prevent Ulster from seceding from them.

Encouraging secession in a friendly country is not a friendly act, and letting any one get us in the slightest way mixed up with the Irish question is about the most foolish thing we could do. Nor is this a serious contingency. But it is fairly serious that so large a number of our citizens are hyphenated citizens and set another country above the United States.

In the St. Patrick's Day Parade of American citizens up Fifth avenue in New York there were banners marked: "England, damn your concessions, we want our country."

The country referred to as "our" was not the United States, but Ireland.

The Irish societies in America are trying to get the United States to help them achieve secession from Great Britain. A parallel case to this effort of the Irish societies to get America to intervene for Sinn Fein dominance of Ireland would have been a mission of British subjects to the South just before the Civil War to encourage secession there and to promise money to help that cause.

In the city of New York a "drive" has been publicly carried on to raise money to finance a revolution in a friendly country.

These various phenomena are accumulated evidence that even very bitter lessons make very little impression on us as a nation. The German-American set Germany above the United States and used his political power in the United States for the benefit of

BILLY PARKER AT BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Billy Parker, business manager of THE MENACE, will address the people of Birmingham, Alabama, and vicinity at Capitol Park, Birmingham, on August 17 at 8 o'clock, p. m.

The local committee announces that it is getting ready to take care of the thousands who will be there, and a large as well as enthusiastic meeting is expected. A general invitation is extended to all.

IT ORIGINATED AT VATICAN

Agitation for Peace at Time Unfavorable to Allies Was Started at Papal Court

London, July 28.—The peace "feeler" of 1917, disclosed by Finance Minister Erzberger in the German National Assembly, originated at the vatican, it was learned today from an authoritative British source.

It was stated that Britain, replying to the vatican's inquiry, merely indicated that Germany must fulfill certain conditions with regard to Belgium before negotiations could be entertained.

Paris, July 28.—"A distortion of the truth" was the characterization applied today by Alexander Ribot to the recent statement by Mathias Erzberger, the German finance minister, declaring that Great Britain and France made peace overtures to Germany through the vatican in 1917, which Germany rejected.

M. Ribot, who was French premier and foreign minister at that time, explains in a statement to Marcel Hutin of the Echo de Paris:

Pope Benedict in August, 1917, suggested proposals to serve as a basis for overtures to Germany. France and Great Britain both decided to decline the proposals. The politest acknowledgment was made to the pope, but nothing more.

The British minister to the vatican, in his own name, pointed out that the proposals did not contain sufficient guarantees for Belgium, Cardinal Gasparri, the papal secretary of state, M. Ribot continued, seized upon this to telegraph Germany for explanations on the subject of Belgium. It was an attempt to start a conversation, M. Ribot declared, but the British government cut it off short, and the British minister went no further.

"I simply said to the British government," added M. Ribot: "Do not let yourself be involved in a direct conversation like that, and that was the end of the matter."

Germany. The result was at first to scare a good many politicians even as the pro-Sinn Fein are now doing, but in pushing his ideas to their logical conclusion the German-American found himself ostracized.

Now the Sinn Fein American has started on the same course. He is using his voice and vote as an American citizen primarily to influence Ireland, and although Ireland has lost much of the sympathy that formerly was to be found for her in the United States, the people do not, as yet, seem to appreciate the danger of this new hyphenism. To thus set another country, even the land of nativity, above the land of one's citizenship is treason. The true Americans of Irish extraction who have influence are in the best position to teach Americanism and its duty to the people who have mistaken their loyalty. But it is the duty of every American citizen to use his utmost endeavor to eradicate the hyphenated loyalty. If the people who come here from Ireland cannot become completely American citizens, we should take some measures to keep them from coming in large numbers, for we cannot run a democratic country in which large groups are chiefly animated by politics in a land 3,000 miles away, and whose ideals are so un-American that they in large numbers support a revolution allied with our enemy Germany.

The Irish problem does not belong to us, and if we have either courage or wisdom we will not allow the people who have come here from Ireland to leave it on our doorstep.

The United States senate at

about the same time that many of its members were vociferously sounding alarm at the possibility of the League of Nations entangling us abroad passed a resolution asking that the independence of Ireland be discussed at Versailles and that the president of the United States bring it up.

Both in this country and in England this resolution received the somewhat contemptuous discount it deserved. When this nation took an interest in liberalizing Cuba such resolutions presaged war with Spain, for we were in earnest about that and believed in what we were doing. If the senate meant what it said this time, it would presage a serious international situation between the United States and Great Britain.

But the senatorial vote means no such thing. It was not based upon either information or conviction about Ireland. A cross-examination of the senators would certainly prove that they knew very little about actual conditions in Ireland during recent times. In this country the vote was discounted largely as the usual attempt to buy the so-called Irish vote cheaply. In Great Britain it was taken in much the same way as is shown by such comments as the following from London newspapers.

The Chronicle, commenting editorially says:

The significant point lies not in the fact that Americans should feel qualified to intervene in our internal disputes, but that they should be so extraordinarily misinformed about the Irish question. When a great allied people express sentiments about this question with such warmth, it is important for our good relations with America that it should know the real truth, but as it is, truth which are the merest commonplace in this country are entirely overlooked or unknown in America. The public there does not realize, for example, that the Home Rule question is an issue not between England and Ireland but between Irishmen and Irishmen.

The majority of the senate does not realize that the men whom they would invite to Paris to seek constitutional reforms by means of the peace conference are the very men who at home refuse all constitutional methods whatsoever for arriving at a settlement.

There are hundreds of thousands of Irish-Americans who have never been in Europe in their lives, whose information is out of date, and who inherit a notion of hostility to England as a pious duty to their ancestors. From this class are largely drawn the professional politicians of the United States. They are political wire-pullers and the makers of speeches.

The Morning Post says: There is no other country in the world where such a deliberate and authoritative affront to a friendly power would be offered. Judged by all standards of international comity and decorum it is indefensible. If the incident is regarded with composure in this country it is simply because it is a familiar phenomenon on the play of American politics.

The Sunday Express assures its readers that the vote was a matter of purely domestic politics:

It affects Anglo-American relations no more than if the House of Lords were to recommend the peace conference to receive a delegation from the Philippines to hear reasons why their aspirations for freedom from American control should not be realized, or a delegation from Porto Rico with a similar mission. But, as Kipling says, that is another story, and the House of Lords does not depend for its existence on votes and there is no organized propaganda in this country to free western islanders who are doing as well under the American flag as the Irish are under the British.

This British judgment of our senate of which the average American can hardly complain, having made about the same mental comment himself, is nevertheless distressing.

It is beneath the dignity of a great country to have its upper house pass resolutions which are so discounted both at home and abroad. That, of course, is better than if we adopted a policy of meddling in the policy of every European country from whom we have had immigrants, at the best of those immigrants, but at best is nothing of which to be proud.

This Irish resolution of the senate following the president's and Mr. Daniel's obvious bluff about our naval programme furnish some food for thought for those Americans who believe in a sincere and straightforward as well as an open diplomacy.

The first and natural reaction is to be angry with other people when our foreign relations appear in a poor light but a little reflection will convince us that to make the most of the world importance which the war has forced on us demands from us some new standards.

New York's police force, which is distinguished by attending mass by thousands, contains some brilliant individuals. Two of its detectives, named Walsh and Brady, have been framing up cases against young women and now face the prospect of examination for perjury by the grand jury.

Roman Catholic priests in Ireland helped the kniser all they could, and are now doing all they can to prevent peace. Jesuitism is the same, yesterday, today, and forever.

"I CURED MYSELF OF TUBERCULOSIS"
Every sufferer from Weak Lungs—everyone afflicted with chronic cough—should read this remarkable history of a druggist, afflicted with Tuberculosis, who experimented on himself, seeking a road to health. With his simple treatment any cough-cured, untiring person may find quick relief in a home treatment. Sooty, pleasant. Anyone may use it under plain directions. Just send name and address on post card to ADDLINE, 2144 Capital Trust Bldg., Columbus, Ohio.

ECZEMA
Also called Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus, Milk Crust, Water Poison, Weeping Skin, etc.
For fifteen years I have been treating one disease alone, ECZEMA. I have handled over one million cases. I do not pretend to know it all, but I am convinced the disease is due to an excess of acid in the blood, and closely related to rheumatism and cancer. This acid must be removed.
Eczema is called by some people Itch, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pruritus, Milk Crust, Weeping Skin, etc. I am fully convinced Eczema is a curable disease, and when I say it can be cured, I mean just what I say—CURED. It is not merely patched up for a while to return worse than before. It makes no difference what other doctors have told you, or what all you have tried, all I ask is just a chance to prove to you that this vast experience has taught me a great deal that would be of help to you. If you will write me today I will send you a free trial of my mild, soothing, guaranteed treatment that will do more to convince you than I or anyone else could in a month's preaching. It's all up to you. If you suffer any more with eczema and refuse to merely suffer for free trial, just blame yourself. No matter where you live, I have treated your neighbors. Merely dropping me a postal note is likely to give you more real comfort in a week than you ever expect to enjoy again. Do it right now, your very life may be at stake.
J. E. CANNADAY, M. D., 1201 Court E. E., Sedalla, Mo.
References: Third National Bank, Sedalla, or ask your banker to find out about me. Send this notice to some poor sufferer from eczema. It will be a kind act by you.

IS YOUR BLOOD HUNGRY FOR IRON?
Who Should Take Nuxated iron
The Elderly Inactive Man
The Run-down Business Woman
The Exhausted Business Man
The Troubled Nervous Housewife
That such products are an entirely different thing from Nuxated Iron.
If you are not strong or well, you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can walk or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two five-grain tablets of ordinary iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see how much you have gained. Numbers of nervous, run-down people who were ailing all the while have increased their strength and endurance in two weeks' time while taking iron in the proper form.

I Couldn't Do This With a CHEAP Watch!
I'm going to more than double the Watch Sales of my Company this year—rather the "Santa Fe Special" Watch is going to do it for me. Every Watch sold on my CUT-PROOF PLAN is doing exactly what I knew it would—it is selling at least another at the regular price. The 5,000 "Santa Fe Specials," set aside for this experiment, with the Price Cut to ABSOLUTELY ROCK BOTTOM, are going so rapidly by you will have to act promptly if you want one of them. I am making this STARTLING OFFER, in the face of advancing prices, to men who will tell their friends of this remarkable Watch Value, if they find the Watches all or more than I claim for them.
Write me personally today. I want to tell you how you may join my "Santa Fe Watch Club" and wear one of these beautiful Watches.
ILLINOIS' Santa Fe Special 250
The One Standard Watch Guaranteed for a Life Time of Satisfactory Service not only by the Santa Fe Watch Co., but by the Great Illinois Springfield Watch Factory. So accurate Government Official time appointments by them! So perfect and beautiful! Jewellers say they are worth 1-3 to 1-4 more than we ask for them. I will send one for you to see WITHOUT ONE PENNY DOWN, allow you to wear it 10 days FREE, then sell it to you on my CUT-PROOF PLAN on a binding money-back guarantee. Your money, no matter at any condition you may desire, engraved in the Case to suit your own ideas. Write for Free Watch Book, illustrating latest designs in Cases, and make your selection before these 5,000 Watches are all gone. Don't delay.
SANTA FE WATCH CO., 830 Thomas Bldg., TOPEKA, KANSAS
Home of the Great Santa Fe Railway
A Letter, postal or this coupon will bring the Free Watch Book.
Santa Fe Watch Co., 830 Thomas Bldg., Topeka, Kansas.
Please send me your New Watch Book with the understanding that this request does not obligate me in any way.
Name of _____
Address _____
City _____
State _____
Zip _____
Hon. CHAMP CLARK
House of Representatives,
Washington, D. C.
I have carried a "Santa Fe Special" for three or four years and find it to be an admirable timekeeper.
Name _____
Address _____
City _____
State _____
Zip _____
CHAMP CLARK